Instructional ample Practice for a 1xth Grade Dual Language (Spanis / Englis)) Classroom ligned to the Next Ge

, QVWUXFWLRQDO66 DWPKSOFHD30GHDFWDD6H/DRQUXDDJH 6SDQLVK \$OLJQHGWRWKH1H[W*HQHUDWLRQ/HDUQLQ 6HUJLR&iFHUHV 36;

This LQVWUXFWLRQDO VD Projecth <u>& LOVD VSVDURVR PR 13 UVD KFHVLFHV</u>

<u>0XOWLOLQJXDO / HDUQHUV DQ QDQW KKBUKWW (W</u> HDHUQQHLQQD W L

<u>6 W D Q</u> (fundedGby the New York State Education Department Office of

Bilingual Education and uM

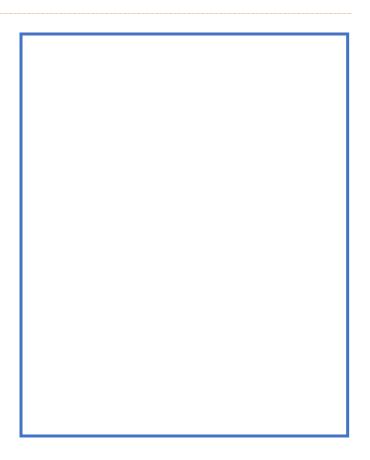


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Metalinguisticawareness	x Using differentsubstitutions,	 students with otherspeakers who share the same hor language can provide support and aid in comprehensio x Teachers of MLscan support their students by askir questions in English and, when comprehension jeopardized, in the language other that finglish that a student has mastered. Havistgudents support one anothe or use web-based translation toolscan facilitate the comprehension of these opended questions and ensurancess to deep content. x Teachers of Mts can analyze the different kinds of
Understanding and pcticing substitutions using filleræ(g., one, do, it) and substitutions that use different words for the same subjecæ(g pets and companions)	the text is presented to help studentsunderstand the connections across semtces (metalinguistic/language awareness)	 x Teachers of Ms can analyze the different kinds of substitutions the texts presenthat will provide Mls with strategies that will support them in better understandi texts, as well as mprove their writing. x Teachers of MLs carprovide specific opportunities and model thebridge that can exist between the home langua and English. x Teachers of MLs can use songs, riddees/or poems
Summarizing a text	x In small groupsstudents practice summarizing without embedding theirown opinions and ideas.	x Teachers of Msprovide specific questions in Englissind/or x x



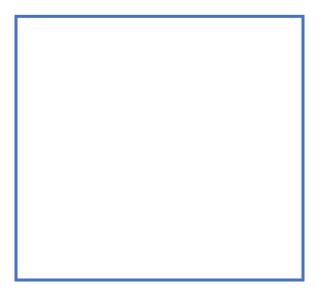












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deductions or comments He used the New Language Arts Bilingual Progressions 6.2. templates to guide his work.

TEACHERS OF MLS PROVIDE SPECIFIC QUESTIONS IN ENGLISH OR/AND THE HOME LANGUAGE TO HELP WITH THE AC4 0B5.11 208.1 197.18 re W* n BT



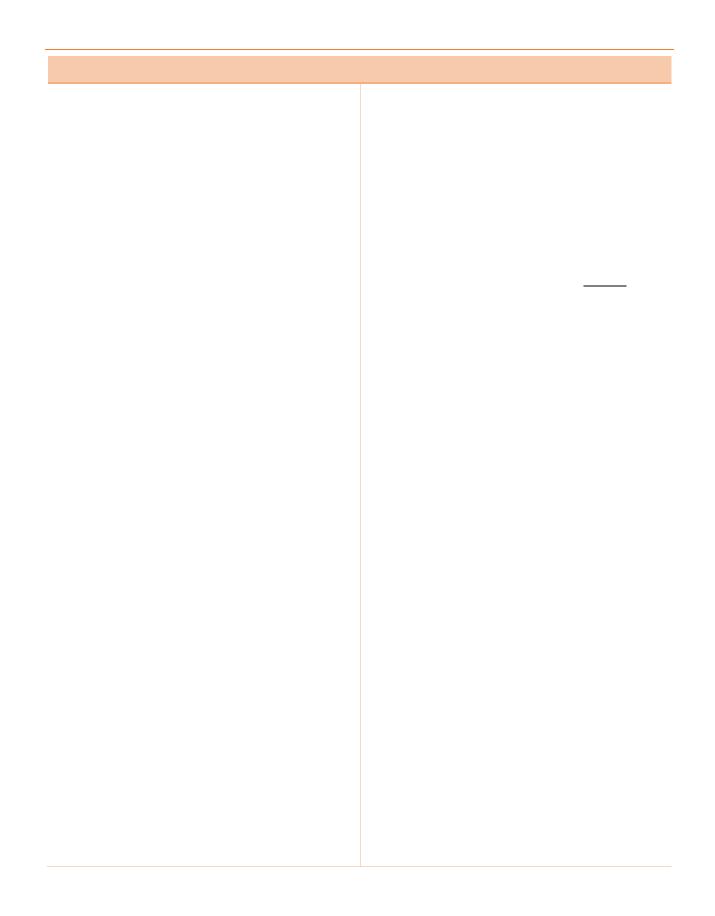




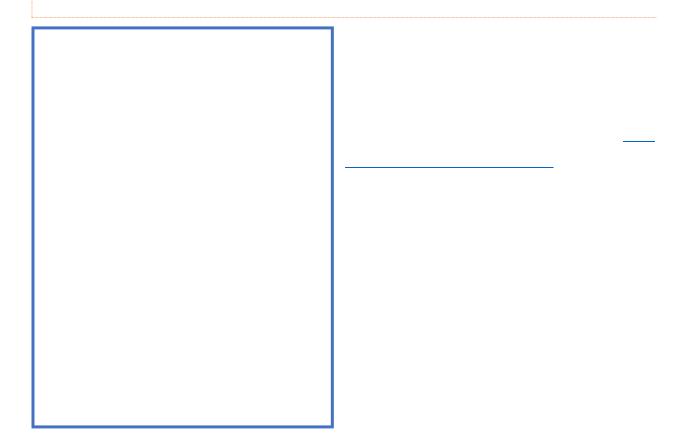












home language and keep writing. The equivalent word in other language can always be incorporated in subsequent drafts. He based his thinking on the Bidingrogressions Standard 10 for Writing





For this task, Mr. Maldonado ustea table The left-hand column contained the text that the student wrote. In the righthand column contained an alternative version created by r. Maldonadowas presented It was

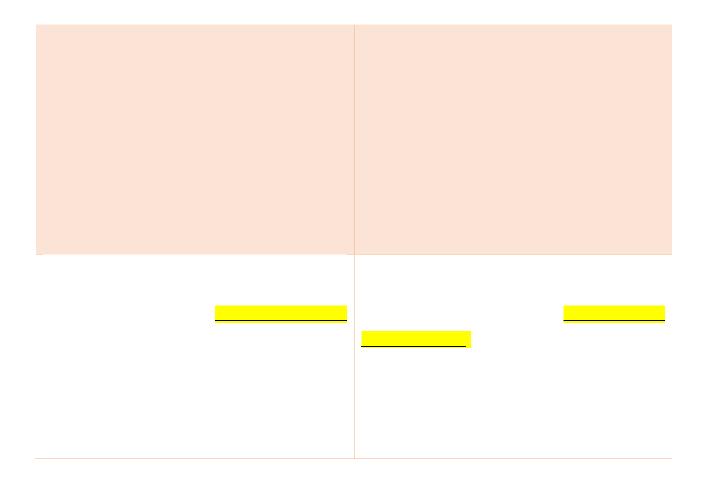


	Table 10:				
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References and Resources

- `(// 0/(GXFDWRU 5 HHV ZR X: UPGFUMAQY GA(XHFDWLRQ 'HSDUWPHQW 5HWULHYHC http://www.nysed.gov/bilingual-ed/english-language-learnermultilingual-learner-educatorresources.
- ´(QJOLVK / DQHXDDJGHXQDUQVG12HZG ∀RµUN 6 WDWHSQGJXVFFDHVQLVRIQU5RHPWULHYHG <u>http://www.nysed.gov/curriculum-instruction/new-york-state-next-generation-english-language-</u> <u>arts-learning-standards</u>.
- 1HZ < RSW/N2/60LQJXDO & R, RQPLRWQLQQ&MRDUJY514HAWULHYHG IURP

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